

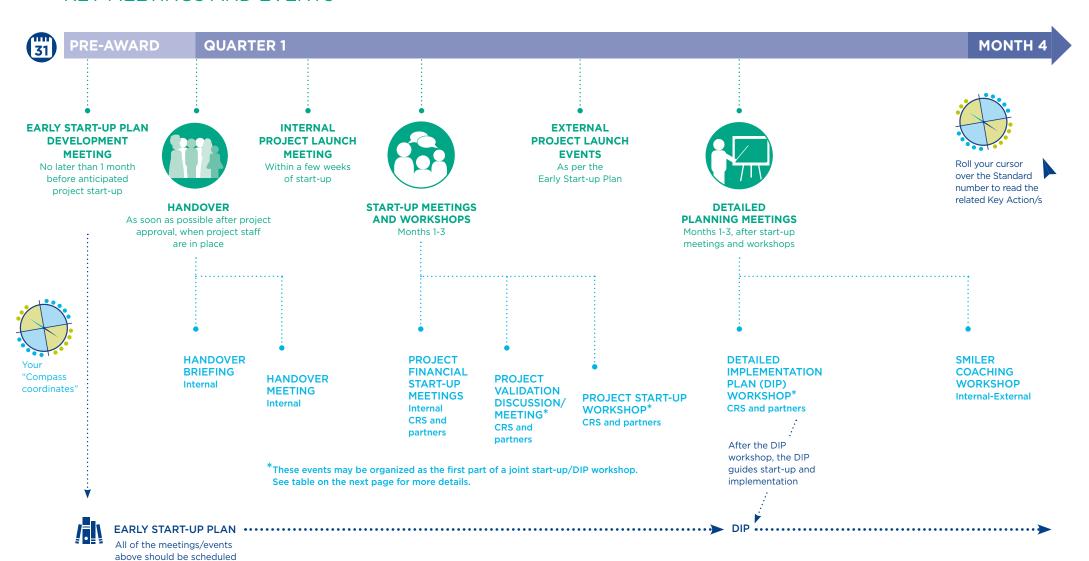


## **Navigating the Project Start-up Journey**

**KEY MEETINGS AND EVENTS** 

in the Early Start-up Plan

Please note that this
is not a comprehensive list of
all key actions or other activities
during project start-up; see
Project Management Standards 6-10
for additional key actions.





## Navigating the project start-up journey using Compass: Key project start-up phase meetings and events

| No. | Meeting/<br>event   | Purpose and<br>Compass coordinates*  | Suggested duration   | When to organize   | Internal or external participants  | Meeting/event outcome   |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1   | Early<br>start-up plan<br>development<br>meeting                  | Develop the early start-up plan,<br>which will guide project activities<br>through development of the<br>detailed implementation plan<br>Compass coordinates:<br>Standard 6, key action 2<br>Standard 9, key actions 1 and 4 | Varies by<br>project<br>complexity;<br>estimated<br>2 hours to<br>1-2 days   | No later than 1 month before<br>anticipated project start date;<br>earlier for larger, more complex, and<br>other strategic projects; as soon as<br>possible for emergencies   | Internal-external: Project manager (PM); key CRS and partner operations and program staff; country program senior management as appropriate CRS and partners may develop plans in a joint meeting, or sequenced meetings.  | CRS and partners have a clear and comprehensive plan for timely operations and programmatic start-up.   |
| 2   | Handover<br>briefing  | Brief the project manager separately<br>on proposal process, documents,<br>and sensitive issues<br>Compass coordinates:<br>Standard 6, key action 3  | 1-2 hours  | During the first week of the PM's onboarding   | Internal: Proposal Transition Manager<br>(PTM) and PM, with Country<br>Representative (CR), Head of<br>Programming (HoP), and Head of<br>Operations (HoOps) as relevant  | The incoming PM understands key issues related to the proposal development process and any sensitive issues; knows how to navigate the proposal documents; and knows the status of early start-up actions.  |
| 3   | Handover<br>meeting   | Transfer knowledge from the proposal development team to the project start-up team Compass coordinates: Standard 6, key action 3   | 2-4 hours  | Before the validation meeting and start-up workshop; preferably as soon as possible following project approval once the core start-up/implementation team is in place <b>Timesaver</b> : For projects of more limited scope or complexity, it may be possible to organize handover at the beginning of a project start-up meeting. | Internal: PTM and PM with other members of the proposal development team and the start-up/implementation team  Tip: If there are only a few new team members, organize handover as part of their onboarding rather than arranging a formal team-to-team meeting. | The start-up/implementation team has the appropriate project (and donor) background to lead an effective project start-up.  |
| 4   | Project financial<br>start-up<br>meeting                          | Review project financial<br>management roles and<br>responsibilities<br>Compass coordinates:<br>Standard 8, key actions 3 and 5<br>Standard 10, key action 2   | 1 hour   | After the handover meeting   | Internal: PM, HoP, HoOps, Finance<br>Manager (FM) and Finance Officer/<br>Accountant, and any other<br>programming staff with project<br>budget management responsibilities  | Key staff understand the project financial management requirements and specific project team financial management roles, responsibilities, and deadlines.  The project team has identified any special project financial management issues to highlight with partners.  |
| 5   | Project<br>validation<br>discussion/<br>meeting                   | Initiate the process of reviewing all proposal components considering any changes in the project context between proposal development and project approval  Compass coordinates: Standard 7, key action 1                    | Varies by<br>project:<br>Half-day<br>(small<br>project);<br>1 week<br>(DFAP) | Within the first month, after final donor approval for externally funded projects  Timesaver: For smaller and/or more straightforward projects, integrate project validation as the first agenda item in the project start-up meeting/workshop.  | <b>External:</b> CRS, partner, consortium project staff (key staff, managers, technical leads), MEAL Regional Technical Advisor (RTA), and other technical advisors as relevant  | <ul> <li>Identification of any adjustments/changes needed to the project document.</li> <li>Updates to relevant materials, e.g., Proframe, logframe, staffing plan, etc.</li> <li>(If applicable) Formulation of request to donor for any changes requiring donor approval.</li> <li>Note: These are the outcomes of the wider validation process, which may require more than just the meeting.</li> </ul> |
| 6   | Award kick-off<br>call/meeting<br>(Grant-funded<br>projects only) | Review key award details, including<br>deliverables, terms and conditions,<br>and expectations of the various CRS<br>staff involved in award management<br>Compass coordinates:<br>Standard 10, key action 2                 | Varies by<br>project but<br>usually 1 hour<br>or less                        | Following award signature  Timesaver: Combine with the project financial start-up meeting.  If the award manager is not a country program staff member, organize a call instead of a meeting   | Internal: PM, award manager (if different from PM) and/or other donor engagement staff, HoOps, HoP, FM and finance officer/accountant assigned to the project, and other senior managers as needed   | <ul> <li>The CRS project team is clear on award management deliverables, deadlines, roles and responsibilities.</li> <li>The CRS project team has identified:</li> <li>Key award and compliance details to cover during the project start-up workshop</li> <li>How CRS will review these issues with partners</li> </ul>  |

<sup>\*</sup> The "Compass coordinates" direct you to the CRS Project Management Standard and key action where you can find more information about the meeting/event and how to organize it.



| No. | Meeting/<br>event  | Purpose and<br>Compass coordinates*  | Suggested duration  | When to organize  | Internal or external participants   | Meeting/event outcome   |
|-----|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| 7   | Project start-up<br>workshop   | Orient the full CRS and partner project team to the validated project design, requirements, schedules, etc.  Compass coordinates: Standard 7, key action 2 Standard 8, key action 6 Standard 10, key actions 2 and 4 (for grant-funded projects) | 1-3 days,<br>depending<br>on project<br>scope and<br>number of<br>partners                  | Early in the first quarter, after validation of project design, but before the DIP workshop <b>Timesaver</b> : For smaller and/or more straightforward projects, it may be possible to organize a joint start-up and DIP workshop.                          | <b>External:</b> CRS, partner/consortium project teams, including senior leadership, other stakeholders involved in project implementation                      | Partner senior leaders understand the project and compliance requirements. All project staff are oriented to key project components and requirements, including compliance issues, and are prepared to participate effectively in DIP development and subsequent project start-up activities (e.g., launch events).  **Timesaver: Take advantage of bringing stakeholders together for the start-up workshop to convene the first meeting of the project governance structure (Compass coordinate: Standard 6, key action 5). |
| 8   | Internal project<br>launch meeting   | Ensure internal stakeholders<br>(e.g., all CP staff) are aware of the<br>new project   | 1 hour  | Within the first few weeks of project start-up Tip: Invite all staff; focus on celebrating the project's approval as well as sharing information about the project.   | Internal: All CP staff  Note: This may be combined with already-scheduled staff meetings.   | Internal stakeholders know the basics of the new project (donor, funding level, duration, partners, geographic area, objectives and major activities) and its expected impact.  Tip: If the project team has prepared a project overview brochure, share copies with CRS colleagues.  |
| 9   | External project<br>launch with<br>stakeholders<br>(national,<br>regional, and/<br>or community-<br>level depending<br>on project) | Formally initiate the new project<br>and strengthen host government,<br>community, and other key<br>stakeholders' awareness and<br>understanding of and support for<br>the project   | Varies,<br>generally<br>about a<br>half-day<br>each   | Per the timing in the early start-up plan   | <b>External:</b> CRS, partner, consortium leadership and project teams, donor, host government representatives (national/regional/local), other NGOs, UN, media | External stakeholders have information on the project, and know how they can engage with project staff and project activities.  |
| 10  | DIP workshop   | Initiate the process of further detailing and adjusting the project activities schedule to facilitate effective project implementation.  Compass coordinates: Standard 7, key action 3 Standard 10, key action 4                                 | Varies by<br>project:<br>1 day (small<br>project);<br>1 week (e.g.<br>DFAP)                 | Month 1 for projects of less than 12 months in duration; Quarter 1 for projects of more than 12 months in duration  Timesaver: For smaller projects and/or more straightforward projects, it may be possible to organize a joint start-up and DIP workshop. | <b>External:</b> CRS, partner, consortium leadership and project teams  | The project team has a shared understanding of and agreement on the timing, sequencing, and roles and responsibilities for Year 1 activities.  Note: This is the outcome of the wider DIP development process, which is more than just the workshop.  |
| 11  | SMILER<br>coaching<br>workshop   | Turn the proposal MEAL plan into a<br>project MEAL system and operating<br>manual<br>Compass coordinates:<br>Standard 7, key action 4  | 1 week<br>(shorter<br>for smaller<br>projects or<br>longer for<br>very complex<br>projects) | After the start-up workshop, and ideally after DIP finalization; in sufficient time to allow for MEAL operating manual finalization within 120 days of project start, per MEAL Procedure 1.2  | Internal-External: A small group of<br>CRS and potentially partner project<br>management staff, sectoral technical<br>staff, and MEAL staff                     | <ul> <li>The project team has a draft of the project MEAL operating manual, including:</li> <li>Final list of project indicators</li> <li>Drafts or final versions of project data-gathering forms and reporting formats</li> <li>Data flow, communication, and reporting maps</li> </ul>   |

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